

cl wherein the liquid, when passing out from one of the homogenization gaps at high speed and into a restricted space, meets the liquid from one or more of the other homogenization gaps, whereby the liquid is subjected to a second part of the homogenization in the restricted space, wherein the at least two concentrically placed homogenization gaps are adjacent the restricted space.

5. (Amended) A method of homogenization of a pressurized liqueform emulsion, comprising the steps of:

passing liquid through at least two concentrically placed homogenization gaps thereby subjected the liquid to a first part of the homogenization; and

ca dispensing the liquid from the at least two concentrically placed homogenization gaps into a restricted space and at a high speed whereby the liquid is subjected to a second part of the homogenization in the restricted space, wherein the at least two concentrically placed homogenization gaps are adjacent the restricted space.

6. (Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 5, wherein the at least two homogenization gaps are created in the space between two surfaces on a valve seat, and two narrow surfaces on a valve cone.

7. (Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the liquid is led into the at least two homogenization gaps through a central throughflow channel and a concentric throughflow channel which are provided in the valve seat.

8. (Amended) The method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the liquid departs from the homogenization gaps via a throughflow channel provided in the valve cone.

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